# TIPS TO ACHIEVE A HEALTHY WEIGHT

WEEK 4: SLEEP AND WEIGHT

**Sleep** is essential for energy, health, productivity, and emotional balance. And most people don't get nearly enough. Not only can poor sleep make us both mentally and physically tired, it can also cause weight gain.

### While sleep requirements vary slightly from person

to person, most healthy adults need between 7.5 to 9 hours of sleep per night to function at their best.

#### **TIPS FOR BETTER SLEEP:**

- **Set a schedule**: Go to bed at a set time each night and get up at the same time each morning. Disrupting this schedule may lead to insomnia. "Sleeping in" on weekends also makes it harder to wake up early on Monday morning because it re-sets your sleep cycles for a later awakening.
- **Exercise**: Try to exercise 20 to 30 minutes a day. Daily exercise often helps people sleep, although a workout soon before bedtime may interfere with sleep. For maximum benefit, try to get your exercise about 5 to 6 hours before going to bed.



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- Avoid caffeine, nicotine, and alcohol: Avoid drinks
  that contain caffeine, which acts as a stimulant and
  keeps people awake. Sources of caffeine include
  coffee, chocolate, soft drinks, non-herbal teas, diet
  drinks, and some pain relievers. Smokers tend to sleep
  very lightly and often wake up in the early morning due
  to nicotine withdrawal. Alcohol robs people of deep
  sleep and REM sleep and keeps them in the lighter
  stages of sleep.
- Relax before bed: A warm bath, reading, or another relaxing routine can make it easier to fall sleep. You can train yourself to associate certain restful activities with sleep and make them part of your bedtime ritual.
- Sleep until sunlight: If possible, wake up with the sun, or use very bright lights in the morning. Sunlight helps the body's internal biological clock reset itself each day. Sleep experts recommend exposure to an hour of morning sunlight for people having problems falling asleep.
- **Don't lie in bed awake**: If you can't get to sleep, don't just lie in bed. Do something else, like reading, watching television, or listening to music, until you feel tired. The anxiety of being unable to fall asleep can actually contribute to insomnia.
- **Control your room temperature**: Maintain a comfortable temperature in the bedroom. Extreme temperatures may disrupt sleep or prevent you from falling asleep.
- See a doctor if your sleeping problem continues: If you have trouble falling asleep night after night, or if you always feel tired the next day, then you may have a sleep disorder and should see a physician. Most sleep disorders can be treated effectively, so you can finally get that good night's sleep you need.

Resource: http://www.helpguide.org/



