HEART HEALTH

HOW TO LOWER CHOLESTEROL FOR A HEALTHY HEART

High cholesterol:

High cholesterol can eventually make it difficult for enough blood to flow through your arteries. This increases the risk of a heart attack and stroke.

Fact: Including cholesterol on the nutritional information panel is rather insignificant because this only represents dietary cholesterol which does not directly affect people's cholesterol levels.

Symptoms: High cholesterol has no symptoms. A blood test is the only way to detect it.

Risk Factors: Factors within your control: inactivity, obesity and an unhealthy diet. Factors beyond your control: genetic makeup.

Note: Waist circumference is also a good indicator of risk.



10 Steps To Reduce Your Cholesterol Levels!

- 1. Reduce your intake of saturated fats to 7% or less of all calories consumed.
- 2. Reduce dietary cholesterol eat smaller portions of meat with the fat trimmed, limit egg consumption, cook your food more often by baking, broiling, steaming and boiling.
- 3. Reduce total fat in your diet.
- **4.** Increase dietary fiber fruits, vegetables, legumes and whole grains.
- **5.** Eat more vegetable proteins and less animal proteins soy products, nuts, brown rice beans and legumes.
- 6. Manage your weight.
- 7. Increase antioxidants in your diet to help prevent cholesterol buildup in your arteries.
- **8.** Increase your physical activity it increases HDL, burns fat, and helps control weight.
- **9.** Consult a physician about medication if necessary.
- **10.** Up Your Omega 3's. These good fats are recommended for lowering LDL levels and may be found in different types of fish and plant-based sources.

Top 10 FoodsTo Lower Blood Cholesterol:

1 Avocados

6 Apples

Brown Rice

2 Cinnamon

6 Garlic

10 Dark Grapes

3 Oats

4 Blueberries

Salmon

8 Soy

